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Effect on War Legislation of the Termination of the War on 10th January, 1920.

Attorney-General's Office, Wellington, 8th March, 1920.

THE following Schedule, showing the effect on war legislation of the termination of the war on 10th January, 1920, is published for general information.

F. H. D. BELL,
 Attorney-General.

EFFECT ON WAR LEGISLATION OF THE TERMINATION OF THE WAR ON 10TH JANUARY, 1920.

Reference to Act.	Remarks.
1914, No. 4.—Banking Amendment. (Bank-notes to be legal tender)	Act not affected by termination of war. Proclamation has been issued declaring notes to be legal tender until 31st December, 1922.
1914, No. 6.—Regulation of Trade and Commerce..	Remains in force until the expiry of two years after the termination of the war. (See 1918, No. 10, section 28.)
1914, No. 38.—War Regulations	The War Regulations Act and amendments remain in operation for one year after the war or for such shorter period as the Governor-General may by Proclamation determine. (See 1916, No. 9, section 7.) All War Regulations remain in force for the same period unless sooner revoked.
1914, No. 48.—Patents, Designs, and Trade-marks Amendment	Remains in force for six months after the termination of the war.
1914, No. 51.—Land Laws Amendment :— Section 42. (Modification of leases as to rotation of crops, &c.) Section 43.—(Power to postpone date of payment of rent of pastoral runs) Section 44. (Power to postpone date of payment of rent of small grazing-runs)	} Expire 31st August, 1920.
1914, No. 62.—Mining Amendment: Section 7, paragraph (24A). (Restriction as to use of winding-ropes in mines)	
	This section commences to operate on expiry of six months after termination of war. (See 1917, No. 21, section 24.)

EFFECT ON WAR LEGISLATION OF THE TERMINATION OF THE WAR ON THE 10TH JANUARY,
1920—continued.

Reference to Act.	Remarks.
1915, No. 37.—Factories Amendment. (Repealing section 20 of Factories Act, 1908, as to hours of employment of women and boys in woollen-mills)	Repeal operates on expiry of six months after termination of war.
1915, No. 44.—Expeditionary Forces	Period of enlistment is the duration of the war and twelve months thereafter. (See section 9 as amended by 1918, No. 9, section 2.)
1915, No. 57.—Gaming Amendment: Section 2. (Authority to raffle property for benefit of war funds)	Expires immediately on termination of war.
1915, No. 67.—Alien Enemy Teachers	Of permanent duration. Section 5, fixing duration of Act, repealed by 1919, No. 37.
1915, No. 77.—New Zealand University Amendment. (Concessions as to examination, &c.)	Power may be exercised "during the continuance of the present war and within a reasonable time after a state of war has ceased to exist."
1916, No. 7.—Finance:—	
Section 41. (Issue of debentures in payment for land taken by Crown)	Remains in force for twelve months after termination of war.
Section 44. (Regulations as to banking)	To be determined by Order in Council not to be issued within five years after termination of war. (See 1917, No. 9, section 66.)
Section 45. (Regulations as to investment of moneys and rates of interest, &c.)	Sections 45, 46, and 47 remain in force during the war and for twelve months thereafter.
Section 46. (Restrictions as to carrying-on of banking operations in New Zealand)	
Section 47. (Requiring regulations to be gazetted and laid before Parliament)	
1916, No. 13.—War Legislation Amendment:—	
Section 14. (Power to appoint temporary teachers)	Such temporary appointment not to continue for more than twelve months after termination of war. Appointments may be made during the war or within six months thereafter.
Section 20. (As to half-cost of fencing by adjoining occupiers)	Remains in force during the war and for twelve months thereafter.
Section 31. (Mining Amendment)	Minister of Mines may grant protection of certain mining privileges in Nelson Land District "for any period not exceeding twelve months after the conclusion of the war."
Section 34. (Soldiers' wills)	Soldiers' wills not operative as such unless the testator dies during the war or within six months thereafter.
1916, No. 18.—Appropriation: Section 32. (Authorizing increased duties on importation of wheat and flour)	Remains in force for twelve months after termination of war. (See 1919, No. 37, section 5.)
1917, No. 9, Finance:—	
Section 52. (Payment of duty on gold proposed to be exported from New Zealand)	The section remains in force during the war and for six months thereafter.
Sections 83 and 84. (Temporary increases of old-age and other pensions)	Remain in force for twelve months after termination of war.
1917, No. 19.—Sale of liquor restriction. (Six-o'clock closing)	This Act was originally expressed to remain in force during the continuance of the war and for six months thereafter (section 12). Section 12 was repealed by 1918, No. 11, section 2, and the Act is now permanent.
1917, No. 21.—War Legislation:—	
Part II. (Electoral rights of aliens)	The disqualification imposed on alien enemies is permanent, and is not affected by the termination of the war.
Section 23. (Local Bodies' Loans)	Authority to raise loan conferred by poll of rate-payers and not exercised not to lapse in any case until expiration of two years after termination of war.
Section 24. (Amendment of Mining Act as to winding-ropes)	This section lapses six months after termination of war, when section 7, paragraph (24A), of Mining Amendment Act, 1914, commences to operate.
Section 28. (Extension of warrants for retention of officers of Police Force after retiring-age)	Authority terminates on the expiration of three months after end of the war.
1918, No. 2.—Finance: Section 20 (Protection of local authorities in respect of loans falling due)	Term of loan may be extended for twelve months after termination of war.